Heraeus

# CONTIFUGE® STRATOS CONTINUOUS FLOW CENTRIFUGE

The mobile separation expert



Kendro is one of the leading international manufacturers of high quality laboratory centrifuges. With the Contifuge® stratos, Kendro has developed a unique and innovative continuous flow system that enables rapid, reliable separations of large volumes of suspension with a low solid matter content. It is therefore ideal for harvesting bio-products and the examination of water samples.

The Contifuge stratos is offered as a practical table top unit which, with the help of a trolley (available as an accessory), can be used almost anywhere.

### LIGHTNING FAST AND MOBILE

Why choose the Contifuge stratos?

#### Time is money

Compared with discontinuous centrifuges, continuous flow operation with the Contifuge stratos enables extremely short processing times. Time savings of up to 80% are possible.



#### Simply better

Assembling the rotor is very easy. The empty rotor can be used after just a few simple steps. The rotor, turning at low speed, is then filled with a pump.

#### What counts is mobility

The Contifuge stratos is the only mobile table top centrifuge of its kind in the world. With the mobile centrifuge stand, it can be effortlessly transported from one location to another at any time.

#### **Optimal control**

The Contifuge stratos controls the peristaltic pump. It intelligently ensures that the pump switches off during acceleration and braking phases and when the minimum speed falls below 4000 rpm.





### Utmost reliability

The Contifuge stratos operates extremely reliably when complex samples are processed. Even the introduction of air/ lather does not affect the system's operation.

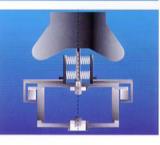


#### **Fully autoclavable**

Expensive rotors made of titanium or a special aluminium alloy are fully autoclavable. This makes the Contifuge stratos particularly suited to bio-science and medical applications.



Lid closed Two locks ensure that the lid closes automatically when pushed gently.



Ease of cleaning Once the centrifuge run is completed, the sediment can be removed with ease. Cleaning and drying of the rotor is equally straight-

forward.

Active run stability The Contifuge stratos has a unique spindle drive, active damping and a motor that is fully decoupled from the rotor.

This means that instrument movement and vibration during operation are not transferred to the sample.

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The Contifuge stratos can be quickly and easily converted for discontinuous operation. Eleven different rotors and a variety of adaptors are available for highspeed operation. The system therefore has the most flexible range of accessories available in the entire table top centrifuge market.

### Areas of application

### THE NUMBER 1 IN LIFE SCIENCE

The Contifuge stratos was developed for the separation of low density particles from aqueous suspensions with a low solid content – a sophisticated task. This mobile, time and cost saving system is ideally suited to a number of different applications. This centrifuge has proven its worth during harvests of fermenter cultures and examinations of many different water samples.

#### Sewage examinations

Separation of sediments and suspended matter

#### Limnology

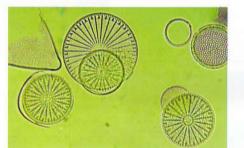
 Extraction of sediments and suspended matter from inland water

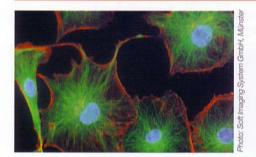
#### Marine research

Enrichment of plankton

#### Drinking water purification

 Extraction of suspended matter as an alternative to filtration





#### **Biochemistry**

 Harvest of plant and animal cell cultures, precipitation of protein complexes

#### Cytology

 Enrichment of cells: bacteria, algae, yeasts, mammalian cells

#### Medicine

 Harvest of human and animal cell cultures

#### Immunology

Separation of immunisation globulins/vaccine production, preparation of macrophages

#### Microbiology

 Harvest of bacteria cultures and virus lysates

#### Gene technology

 Cultivation of recombination bacteria, yeasts and mammalian cells

#### Biotechnology

 Harvest of fermenter cultures in large quantities

#### Brewery process engineering

Separation of yeasts

#### Pharmaceutical industry

Pelleting of proteins/protein complexes, e.g. growth factors

#### Dairy industry

Preparation of starter cultures for the dairy industry

#### Chemical industry

Concentration of metal and plastic particles, sedimentation of metal hydroxides

#### Faster as a result of continuity

### A CONVINCING COMPARISON

#### Ideal for large volumes

The Contifuge stratos – a highspeed table top centrifuge with continuous flow operation – fulfils a particularly important task in the Biofuge family: it can process large volumes (e.g. 50 litres) from fermenter cultures, for instance, quicker and more effectively than conventional centrifuges.

#### No transfer, no division into portions

It therefore represents a convenient alternative to conventional batch processing. Laborious transfers and division of fermenter contents are no longer necessary.

#### Enormous time savings

Discontinuous centrifugation is very labour intensive and time consuming where large volumes

are involved. Depending on the rotors' capacity, repeated runs are necessary. The cell harvest is made up of a large number of relatively small pellets.

Time savings when processing a bacterial culture:

- Using a floor standing centrifuge with a 6 x 500 ml rotor (batch processing), 20 l of culture was harvested in 2 hours and 55 minutes.
- With a Contifuge stratos, only 40 minutes were needed to process the same amount.

#### Very practical – everything's in the rotor

Whereas 40 different pellets are generated with batch processing, the entire bacterial culture is contained inside the rotor when using the Contifuge stratos.



### **COMPACT SYSTEM FOR LARGE VOLUMES**

#### And it all works very easily

The fixed rotor head with inlet and outlet rises above the centrifuge lid.

Using a peristaltic pump, the suspension is fed into the rotor body via a rotating joint. The sample flows through the chamber, and sediment particles gather against the rotor walls, while clarified medium is removed.

When the suspension is completely processed or the rotor's intake capacity is reached, the centrifuge is stopped. The rotor is then opened, and the pellet harvested.

inflow

fixed rotor head

#### Intelligent centrifugation – Contifuge stratos

The Contifuge stratos sensibly combines the benefits of a modern highspeed table top centrifuge with the continuous flow principle.

This model is characterised by particularly intelligent technology. With its unique spindle drive, the electronic imbalance recognition system and the Easycontrol 2 operating panel, the Contifuge stratos is one of the most powerful systems around.

High RCF values allow the sedimentation of large volumes in biotechnology and for water analysis.

outlet

rotating body

sealing liquid (glycerine)

sediment

Separation of particles by means of centrifugation in a Heraeus continuous flow rotor

### **EXAMPLE OF POSSIBLE APPLICATION – CELL HARVESTING**

#### **Test parameters**

| organism                 | E. coli          |  |
|--------------------------|------------------|--|
| volume                   | 20               |  |
| optical density (578 nm) | 1.2              |  |
| rotor                    | 75003049         |  |
| speed                    | 15,000 rpm       |  |
| flow rate                | 320 – 650 ml/min |  |

#### Centrifugation separation capacity



Increase in degree of clarification by decreasing the flow rate

#### Other applications from the field of cell harvesting

| organism   | particle size<br>µm | flow rate ml/min | speed<br>rpm | degree of<br>clarification % | comments   |
|--|---------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--|
| Acetobacter<br>woodii  | 1-2                 | 500              | 15,000       | 99                           | difficult to sediment  |
| Methanosarcina<br>barkeri                                    | The second          | 200              | 15,000       | 99                           | strictly anaerobic   |
| Sulfolobus spec.   | 2-3                 | 440              | 15,000       | 99                           | thermophile  |
| Clostridium<br>acetobutylicum                                |                     | 500              | 15,000       | to 99.7                      | anaerobic<br>OD <sub>578 nm</sub> = 3.6                                    |
| Saccharomyces<br>cerevisiae                                  | 3-5                 | 500              | 8,000        | 98                           |  |
| Insect cells/<br>Sf9 virus culture                           | 16                  | 200              | 6,000        | n.d.                         | very sensitive cells,<br>nearly complete<br>separation with<br>high vitale |
| Hela-cells   | 10                  | 650              | 9,500        | n.d.                         | 90 % vigorous  |
| Animal cells undergo<br>lysis (MKS and<br>RNA virus residue) | one                 | 400              | 10,000       | 95                           |  |

#### Other applications

| Macrophages from         | n       |  |  |                                       |  |
|--------------------------|---------|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| cattle lungs             | 7 - 20  | 760  | 4,100  | n.d.                                  |  |
| Plankton                 | 1-5     | 200  | 6,000  | n.d.                                  |  |
| Suspended matte          | r from  | The second s | The second s | Illering Street and the street of the |  |
| <b>River Spree water</b> |         |  |  |                                       |  |
| (heavy metal)            | 0.2 - 1 | 360  | 17,000   | n.d.                                  |  |

#### **Example application**

The harvest of an *Escherichia coli* culture with a straight, stick-like bacterium  $(1.1 - 1.5 \times 2.6 - 6.0 \mu m)$  is described below.

20 I of an *E. coli* culture in a LB medium were harvested at 15,000 rpm with a varying flow rate. The optical density was determined from the residue and the percentage degree of clarification was calculated from it, i.e. the centrifugation separation capacity was ascertained.

#### Result

The degree of clarification, depending on the flow rate, is illustrated in the graph. An in-crease in the flow rate in excess of 500 ml/min was connected to a considerable decrease in the separation performance. Within 40 minutes the entire 20 I culture was harvested with a 98% degree of clarification.

## Centrifugation parameters in general

A sample's degree of separation depends on the centrifugal force and the flow rate. As with "traditional" centrifuges, acceleration is determined by the rotor speed and increases by the speed squared. The continuous flow speed is adjusted via the peristaltic pump's power. A decrease in the flow rate improves the separation performance as a result of the sample's prolonged length of stay in the rotor.

#### **Application tip**

Fluid culture media containing large volumes of yeast extract or other complex ingredients tend to produce large amounts of lather. In this case there was a high production of lather to the bacteria's formation gas. However, this did to impair the separation of the mance in the Constitute

### **TECHNICAL DATA/ORDER NUMBERS**

#### Contifuge stratos Refrigerated Highspeed Table Top Centrifuge

| Model                       | the second | Contifuge stratos  |
|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| Drive                       |            | induction drive without carbon brushes   |
| Control                     |            | microprocessor controlled via Easycontrol II   |
| Min./Max speed              | (rpm)      | 300/23,000 adjustable in 10 rpm increments   |
| Max. RCF                    | xg         | 50,377   |
| Max. capacity               | ml         | 400 ml sediment or 4 x 180 ml  |
| Braking/acceleration curves |            | 9/9  |
| Programs                    |            | 9 + 1 pre-cooling program  |
| Noise level at max. speed   | dB (A)     | <60  |
| Run time                    |            | 0 – 9 hrs 59 mins., continuous operation, alternatively 0-99 hrs   |
| Temperature range           | °C         | -19 to +40   |
| Functions                   |            | RCF pre-selection, Quick-run   |
| Rotor recognition           |            | automatic  |
| Imbalance recognition       |            | electronic, depending on speed and ideally suited to every rotor   |
| Construction                |            | galvanised steel chassis with armoured rotor chamber   |
| Safety features             |            | lid lock and interlocks (two automatic locks)  |
| External dimensions (h/w/d) | mm         | 395 x 640 x 595  |
| Weight (without rotor)      | kg         | 134  |
| Power consumption           | W          | 1,400 (cooling system approx. 900)   |
| Standards                   |            | manufactured and tested in accordance with EN 61 010-2-020,<br>EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1, no approval required in accordance with |
|                             |            | UVV VBG 7z   |





**O** weekstop

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#### **Rotors and accessories**

| Order no.                       |          | 75003049                     | 75003054                  |  |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Recommended area of application |          | separation of bacteria, cell | harvesting of animal and  |  |
|                                 |          | debris, suspended matter     | human cells               |  |
| Material                        |          | titanium                     | aluminium with composite  |  |
|                                 |          |                              | material coating          |  |
| Max. sediment volume            | ml       | 400                          | 400                       |  |
| with high performance insert    |          | 50                           | 50                        |  |
| Autoclavable                    |          | indefinitely autoclavable    | indefinitely autoclavable |  |
| Chemical resistance             |          | to a great extent            | similar to PTFE           |  |
|                                 |          | corrosion resistant          |                           |  |
| Max. speed                      | rpm      | 17,000                       | 10,000                    |  |
| Max./min. radius                | cm       | 7.75/5.00                    | 7.75/5.00                 |  |
| with high performance insert    |          | 7.75/7.25                    | 7.75/7.25                 |  |
| Max. RCF                        | xg       | 25,040                       | 8,665                     |  |
| Acceleration/braking time       | S        | 80/60                        | 36/35                     |  |
| Optimal flow rate               | ml x rpm | 200 to 600                   | 200 to 600                |  |

#### Order numbers

| Model                           | Equipment                                   | Order no. |
|---------------------------------|---|-----------|
| Contifuge stratos               | 230 V, 50/60 Hz                             | 75005283  |
|                                 | 200/208 V, 50/60 Hz                         | 75005285  |
| Titanium continuous flow rotor  | for 400 ml sediment                         | 75003049  |
| Aluminium continuous flow rotor | for 400 ml sediment                         | 75003054  |
| High performance insert         | polypropylene                               | 75015339  |
| Trolley (h x w x d)             | 764 x 715 x 590 mm                          | 76000083  |
| Peristaltic pump                | 230 V/50 Hz, max. pump volume 1820 ml x rpm | 75003503  |
|                                 | can be switched to                          |           |
|                                 | 120 V/60 Hz, max. pump volume 1820 ml x rpm |           |

#### The heart – the rotor

Continuous flow rotors developed by Kendro are designed to ensure gentle sedimentation of cells without lysis. The titanium rotor has proven to be ideally suited to fermenter harvesting of bacterial cultures. It is chemically inert and is distingnished by its high maximum speed. An aluminium rotor is offered as an economical alternative. It is worth emphasising that for some applications - e.g. the harvest of human or animal cells - lower speeds are sufficient, and these can be achieved with the aluminium rotor. As with the titanium rotor, it is fully autoclavable (20 mins., 121 °C). It has a high quality special coating, the chemical resistance of which is similar to that of Teflon.



titanium rotor



aluminium rotor

#### Great – the high performance insert

This polypropylene insert improves the rotor's sedimentation capability, particularly for small particles and those with a low density, whilst reducing the sedimentation capacity (50 ml). It has been developed for the separation of suspensions with a low solid material content. A typical area of application is the separation of fine matter in suspensions for water examinations.

#### Easy – the rotor assembly

For every particular rotor there is an adaptor which houses the automatic rotor recognition system. This avoids any possibility of confusion and guarantees utmost safety as a result of appropriate speed restrictions. Work with the Contifuge stratos is similarly straightforward, as with traditional centrifuges.



- The appropriate adaptor is screwed onto the drive shaft.
- The rotor is simply put on top of the adaptor.
- The centrifuge lid is closed.
- Tubing is fitted to the inlet and outlet points.

#### Mobile - the trolley

A movable centrifuge table – on which the pump, sample containers and a magnetic stirrer can be placed – makes the entire system mobile. It can be transported to any location.

The trolley constitutes an open, castor-mounted casing in which sample bottles and a magnetic stirring system can be installed. Two locks on the front castors improve stability during operation. The trolley's reinforced metal construction is very sturdy and virtually free from vibration.



#### Smart – the integrated pump

To maintain defined and reproducible flow rates, the use of a peristaltic pump with a pump range of 100 to 900 ml x min<sup>-1</sup> is recommended. Kendro offers a peristaltic pump which is controlled via the centrifuge. A minimum speed of 4000 rpm is required to fill and operate the rotor. The centrifuge is equipped with additional electronics and a socket for the pump control which stops the pump as



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soon as the speed falls below this value. The pump is also automatically switched off during acceleration and braking. When a constant speed is achieved, it resumes operation automatically.

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